

LOCALITIES FOR WESTERN TRYXALINAE.

In recent papers I have given descriptions of Tryxalinae brought home from the Pacific coast by Mr. A. P. Morse and with them localities at which certain other described species were taken.—In the present note I add other localities for described Tryxalinae all from the collection of Mr. Morse.

Syrbula acuticornis Brun. Mesilla, N. Mex., July 1.

Syrbula admirabilis (Uhl.) Flatonia, Tex., June 25.

Boottettix argentatus Brun. Mesilla, N. Mex., July 1; Juarez, Mex., July 3; Yuma, Ariz., July 5; Indio, Cal., July 9; Palm Springs, Cal., July 12.

Mesochloa abortiva (Brun.) Flatonia, Tex., June 25.

Amphitornus ornatus McNeill. Mesilla, N. Mex., July 1; Cahon Pass, Cal., July 19; Pt. Loma, Cal., July 23; Los Angeles, Cal., July 25; Lancaster Cal., Aug. 1; Gazelle, Cal., Sept. 5; Ashland, Or., Sept. 7.

Alpha cinerea? (Brun.) Sierra Blanca, Tex., June 26; Mesilla, N. Mex., June 30; Cahon Pass, Cal., July 18.

Bruneria shastana (Scudder) Mt. Shasta Cal, Sept. 2.

Psoloessa maculifemnis Scudd. Alpine, Valentine and Sierra Blanca, Tex., June 26.

Agoneotettix deorum? (Scudd.) Mesilla, N. Mex., July 2

Ligurotettix coquilletti McNeill. Yuma, Ariz., July 5; Palm Springs, Cal., July 12; Lancaster, Cal., Aug. 1.

Samuel H. Scudder.

OCCURRENCE OF MYRMELEON IMMACULATUM DE GEER IN MAINE.—My attention was called Aug. 29, 1897, by Prof. H. S. Pratt to a number of holes or pits of ant-lions near Brunswick, Maine, between the town and New Wharf, and visiting the spot I found them in abundance in a sunny exposure in a sand-bank sheltered by the projecting turf.

There were over 75 holes in one place and 55 in another. The next year I observed that some were still living there, but not so many. Miss Hale of Sherbrook, Canada, took some of the larvae home with her and from one of them was fortunate enough to rear the imago. This she kindly presented to me and I find by comparison with the specimens in the Hagen collection of the Museum of Comparative Zoology, Cambridge, that it is the species named above.

Miss Hale kept the larvae through the winter, feeding them with Tineid larvae, flies and spiders. One began to spin its cocoon March 5, the operation being completed within a day. The imago emerged June 1st.

Heretofore the northernmost published locality for this species has been Salem, Mass. (See Emerton in Amer. Naturalist iv., p. 705, Figs. 159-162). Emerton's larva spun May 15, the imago emerging June 25, "a very hot day."

This species of ant-lion has a very wide range; the following are the localities under the specimens in the Cambridge Museum, for which I am indebted to Mr. S. Henshaw: Keene, N. H., Michigan, Washington, D. C., North Carolina, Texas, Colorado, Oregon, and California.—A. S. Packard.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE CLUB.

9 March, 1900. The 213th meeting was held at 156 Brattle St., Mr. S. H. Scudder in the chair. Messrs. James A. Field and Carl Otto Zerrahn were elected to active membership.

Mr. S. H. Scudder said he was working on a new list of the Orthoptera of New England; ninety-five species have thus far been taken. He also made some comparisons of the orthopterous faunas of England and New England. Some discussions on distribution followed.

13 April, 1900. The 214th meeting was held at 156 Brattle St., Mr. S. H. Scudder in the chair. Mr. A. P. Morse was chosen secretary pro tem.